

Mental Health and Well-Being of Students and Staff During the Pandemic

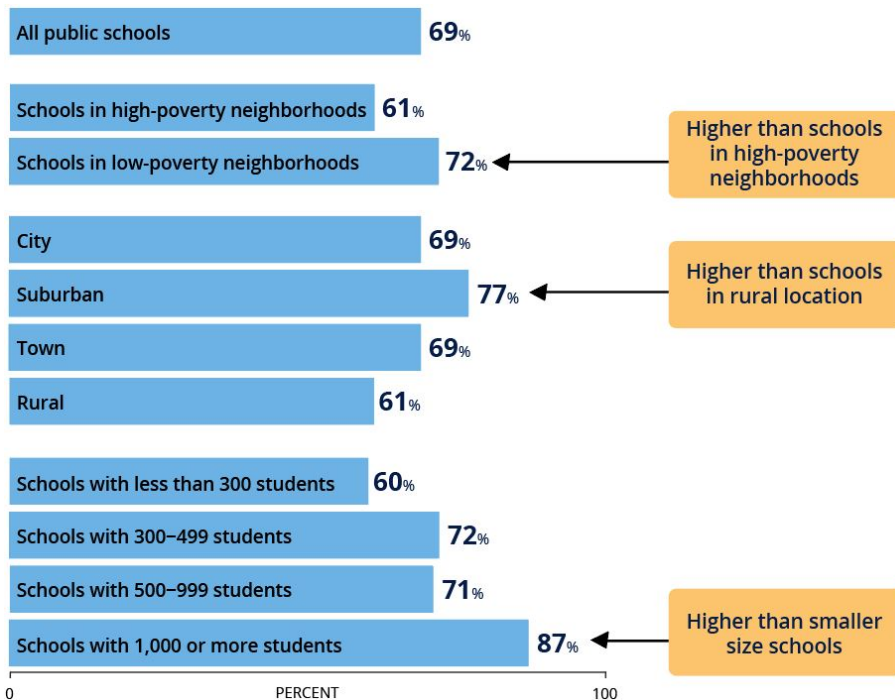
NATIONAL CENTER FOR EDUCATION STATISTICS

Results from the April 2022 School Pulse Panel

In April 2022, school administrators reported on the mental health and well-being of students and the mental health services schools provided during the 2021–22 school year.

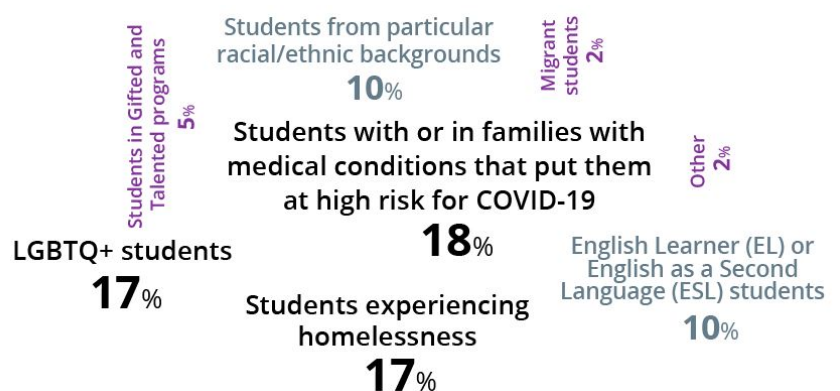
STUDENTS SEEKING MENTAL HEALTH SERVICES

Percentage of public schools reporting more students seeking mental health services from school since the start of the pandemic: April 2022



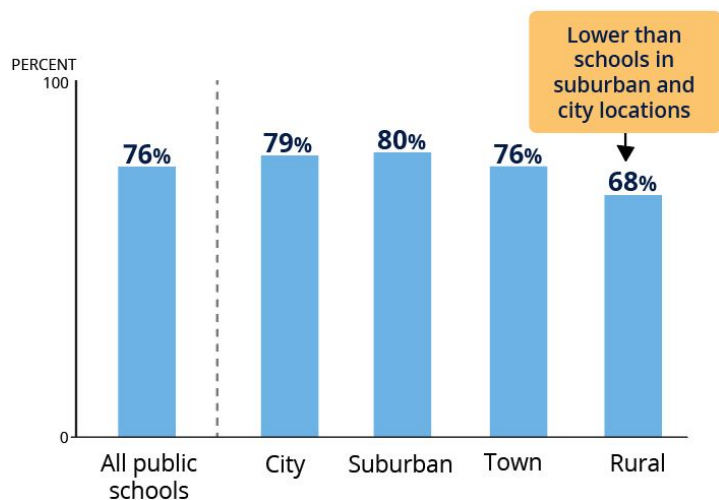
More than **two-thirds** of public schools reported an increase in the percentage of students seeking mental health services from school since the start of the pandemic

Higher percentages of public schools reported **economically disadvantaged students** and **students with IEPs** seeking mental health services than other student groups



STAFF CONCERNS ABOUT STUDENTS' MENTAL HEALTH

Percentage of public schools reporting that more staff expressed concerns with students exhibiting depression, anxiety, trauma, or emotional dysregulation/disturbance since the start of the pandemic: April 2022

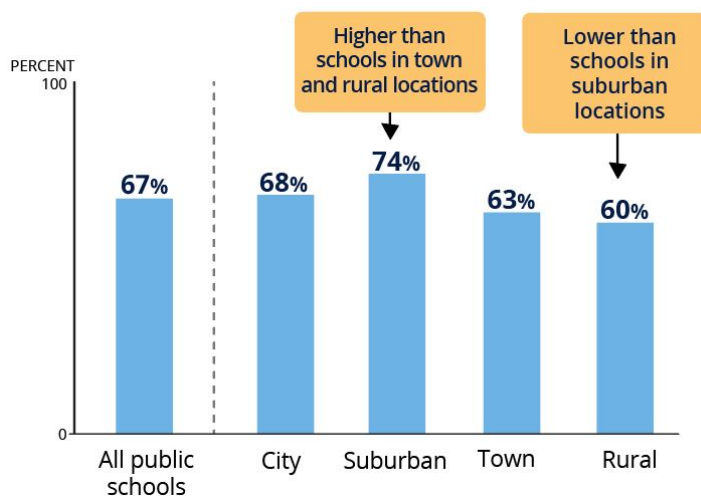


Approximately **three-quarters** of public schools reported an increase in staff expressing concerns about student depression, anxiety, and other disturbances since the start of the pandemic

SCHOOLS PROVIDING MENTAL HEALTH AND WELL-BEING SERVICES

Percentage of public schools that have increased the types or amount of mental health services they provide since the start of the pandemic: April 2022

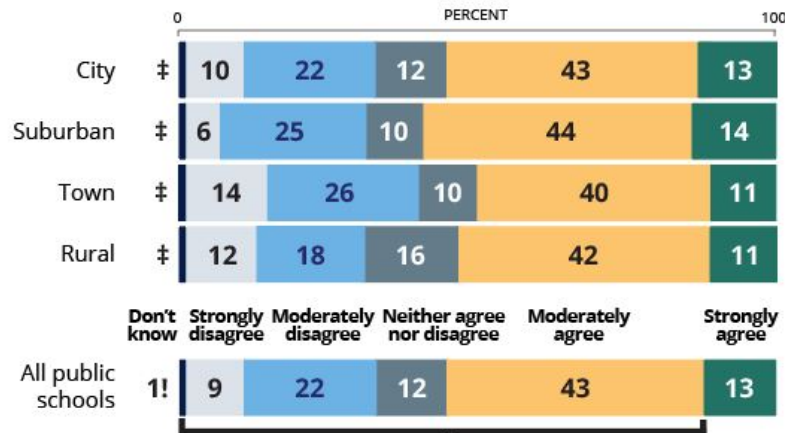
Approximately **two-thirds** of public schools reported increasing the mental health services they provide since the start of the pandemic



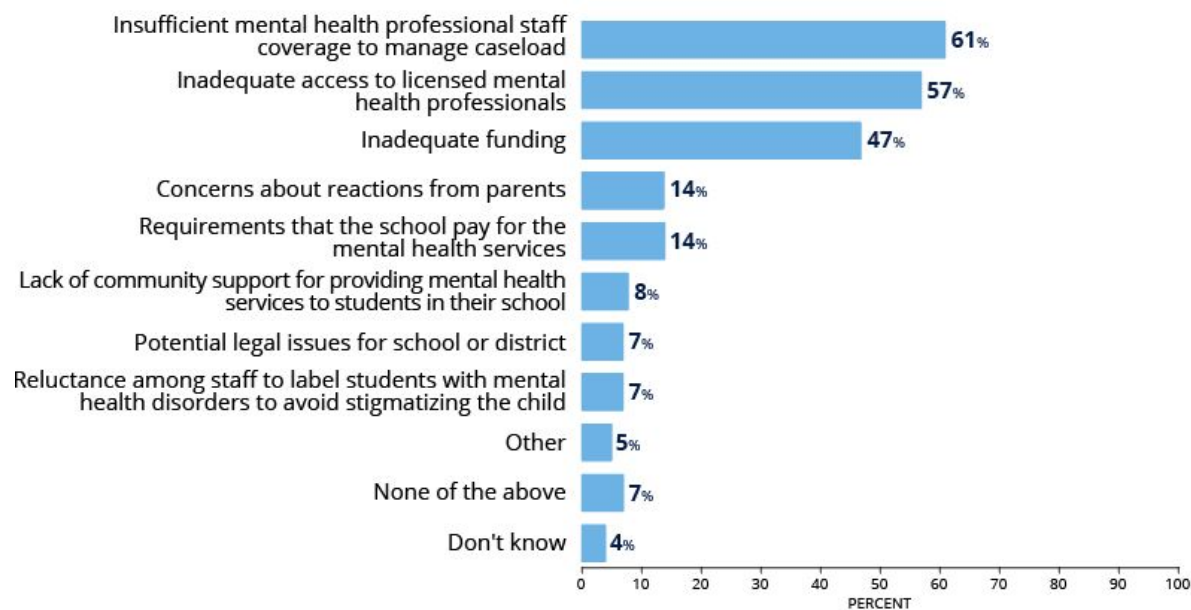
Just over half of public schools felt their school could effectively provide mental health services to all students in need

- Higher percentages of public schools in rural and town locations than in suburban locations strongly disagreed that their school can effectively provide mental health services to all students in need.
- Of public schools that did not strongly agree that their school could effectively provide mental health services to all students in need, insufficient mental health professional staff coverage to manage caseload, inadequate access to licensed mental health professionals, and inadequate funding were the most frequently cited limiting factors.

Percentage of public schools by the extent to which they agree that their school is able to effectively provide mental health services to all students in need and by school location: April 2022



Of those public schools that did not strongly agree that their school could effectively provide mental health services to all students in need, factors that limit their schools' efforts to effectively provide such services:



! Interpret data with caution. The coefficient of variation is between 30 and 50, which indicates that the standard error for this estimate is 30 to 50 percent of the estimate's value.
 ‡ Reporting standards not met.